# water reuse: coming to a city near you!

drivers, scoping, partnerships and case studies for water reuse projects





#### introductions

- Michelle Stockness, PE, ENV SP, Barr Engineering Co.
- Jon Eaton, Utilities Superintendent, City of Eagan











#### presentation outline

- water reuse background
- drivers for reuse projects
- how to identify opportunities
- why you need partners
- case studies





#### yes, water reuse is here in the Midwest



#### **MINNPOST**

# **Ecolab making the case for water conservation**

By Dan Haugen | 02/24/09

Ecolab is presenting at a Water Footprint Summit this week in Miami.

The major topic of the conference is "Making the Business Case for Measuring and Reducing Corporate Water Footprints."

# Feb. 24: Minnesota draining its supplies of water

Nature can't keep up with demand, prompting disputes in some cities.

By Josephine Marcotty (http://www.startribune.com/josephine-marcotty/10645336/) Star Tribune

AUGUST 30, 2013 - 9:55PM

#### **DNR** eyes water supply in Central Minnesota



The Department of Natural Resources has launched a project to study whether groundwater use in the Bonanza Valley and two other areas in Minnesota is sustainable in the future.



#### what is water reuse?

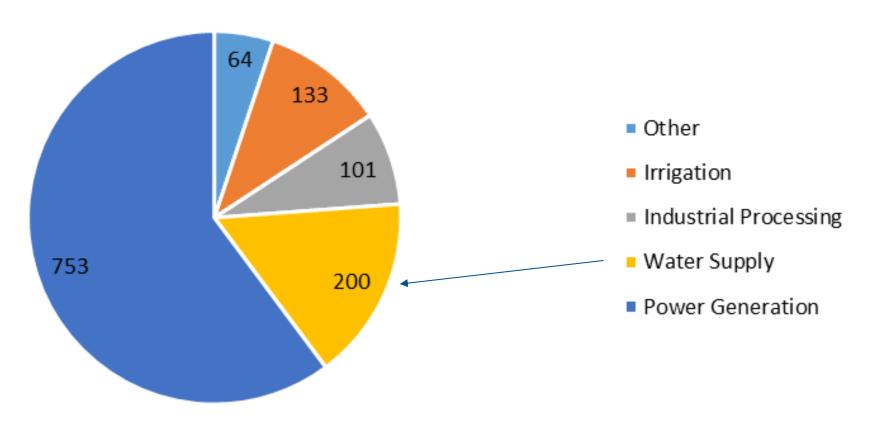
- conservation, reclamation, and repurposing of water to best manage the challenges of water supply, use, treatment, and disposal
- matching alternative water sources to potential end uses with a need for water





## why should cities be involved? Cities are a major appropriator

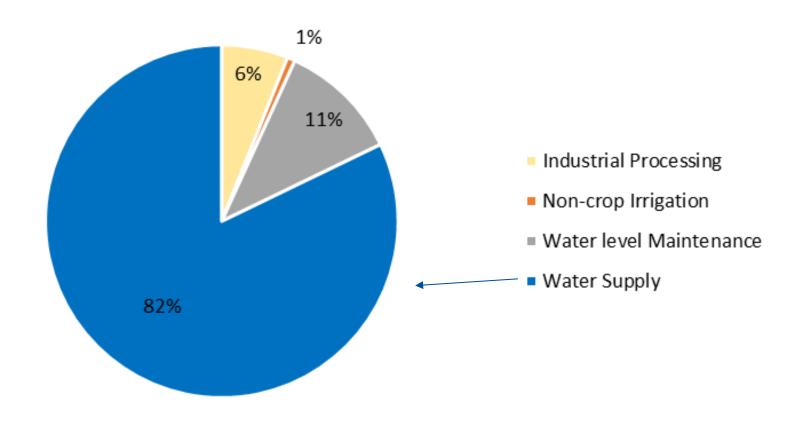
#### 2014 Minnesota water use (BGY)





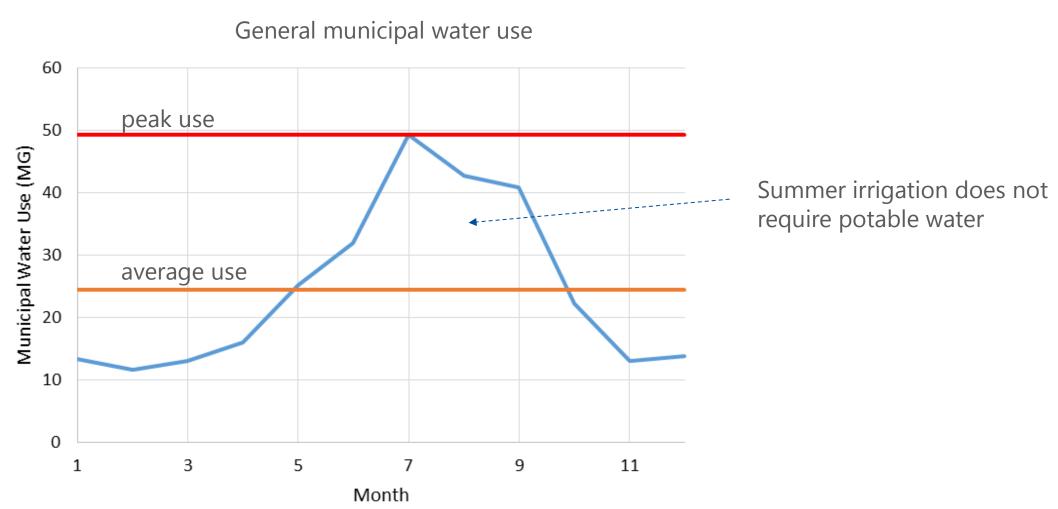
#### why should cities be involved? hard to control use

#### City of Eagan 2014 Water Use





#### why should cities be involved? reduce peak infrastructure





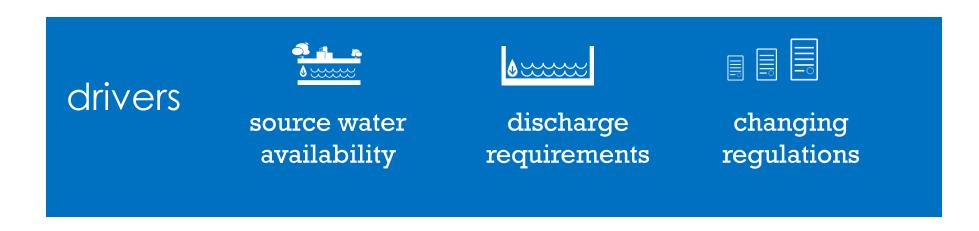
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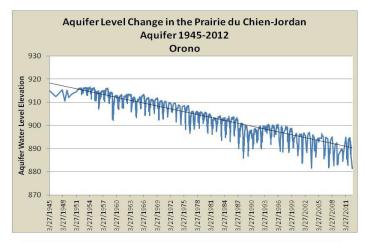
#### common water reuse project drivers



- Secondary drivers
  - cost of securing potable water from traditional sources
  - corporate sustainability principles
  - public education



#### example of a well-known driver: groundwater sustainability





- in some areas, current approach to water-supply management and development is unsustainable.
- in some areas, aquifer levels are declining.
- in some areas, lakes, streams, and wetlands are impacted.





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#### identify opportunities by matching sources to end uses

# look around; connect the dots:

- who uses water?
- where is there abundant water?
- what is the quality of that water source?
- what is the water quality that is needed for the end use?





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#### do I really have to partner with someone?

"The issues we face are so big and the targets are so challenging that we cannot do it alone. When you look at any issue, such as food or water scarcity, it is very clear that no individual institution, government or company can provide the solution alone."

- Paul Polmen, CEO of Unilever (also Chairman of the <u>World</u> <u>Business Council for Sustainable Development</u>)



# different motivations are fine if the "machine" moves together to support the project

Sometimes these partnerships involve organizations that would—on the surface—appear to be at odds.

"Collaboration between different types of organizations can produce previously unimagined solutions."

-Network for Business Sustainability's website



investment



#### general process for water reuse projects

- step 1: identify project and possible partners
- step 2: do your homework
- step 3: engage possible partners and build the project team
- step 4: assess project feasibility
- step 5: define project
- step 6: execute, construct
- step 7: operate
- step 8- monitoring results
- step 9- tell the story of your success!



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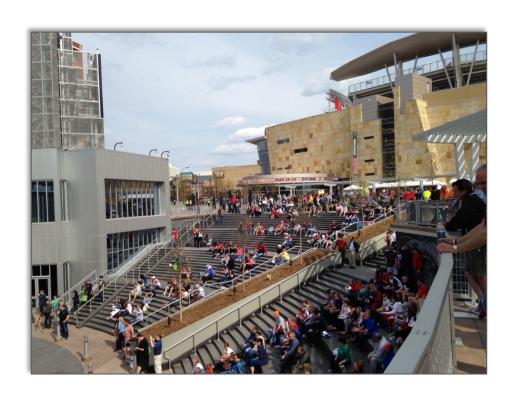




## case study: Target Field Station (The Interchange)

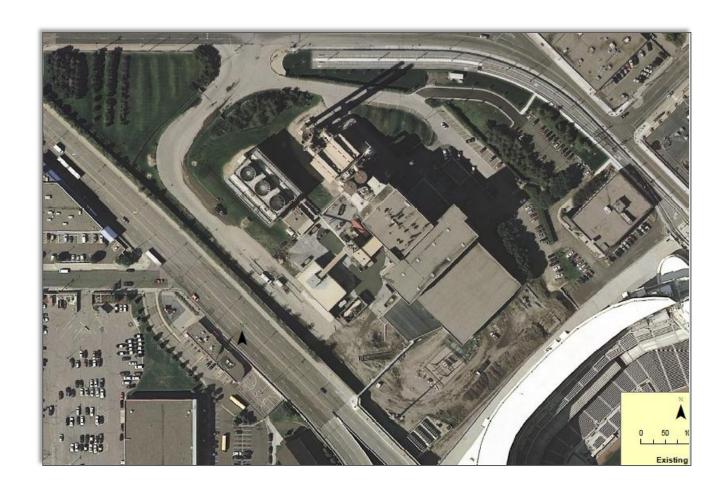
# "Your problem is my solution."







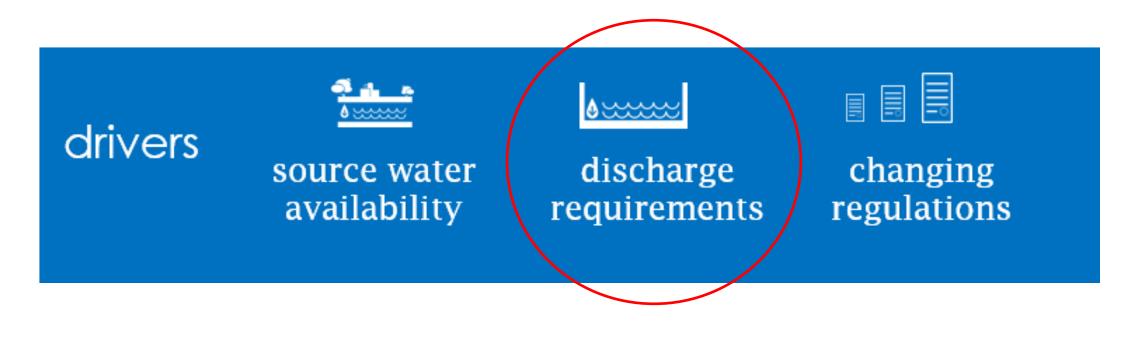
# source: urban site with competing demands and stormwater requirements





#### project drivers

- poor infiltration and contaminated soils
- stormwater requirements
- strict limitations on stormwater discharge





#### user: industrial end user

# **Hennepin Energy Recovery** Center (HERC) Burns nearly 365,000 tons of municipal solid waste generating enough electricity for 25,000 homes and steam for the downtown district energy system Significant water user for cooling and other various processes in the facility 24/7 operation



#### partnerships









- project owner (Hennepin County) already owned the HERC facility, though a private company manages it (Covanta).
- Covanta had already identified processes that could utilize lower quality water.
- Minneapolis was the permitting authority, involved in conceptual design review, and supportive of a water reuse project
- MWMO was a granting authority, supportive of water reuse projects, and consulted on green features for the project



## infrastructure: stormwater use at the HERC facility

#### above-ground cisterns:

- 40,000 gallon capacity
- 90th percentile storm event



Source: http://www.ballparkauthority.com/Target\_Field\_Station\_Cisterns.html

- year-round function (snowmelt system) used for a variety of processes, including steam cooling and ash dust control.
- over 1 million gallons/year of stormwater runoff used



## lessons learned: Target Field Station

- if partners are interested enough, fast-track reuse projects are possible.
- involving permitting and granting agencies in the design and review of the project (early in the process!) can be helpful.
- be sure to talk to the folks who will have to operate your project.
- a good stewardship story is valuable.



## case study: Dakota Prairie Refinery (wastewater reuse)

"It rains every day at a wastewater treatment plant."



## case study: Dakota Prairie Refinery (wastewater reuse)

- 20,000 barrels/day diesel refinery
- first greenfield refinery constructed in the US since the 1970s
- near Dickinson, ND
- start-up in spring 2015

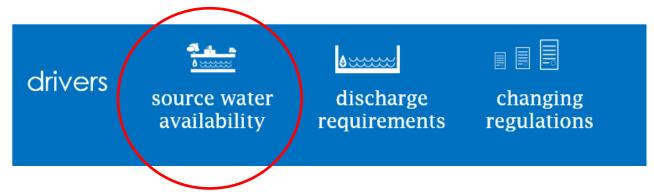




#### project drivers

#### water supply options:

- groundwater: only available for back-up per state
- surface water: poor and variable water quality
- potable water: limited availability
- wastewater: effluent from City of Dickinson, needed to create a partnership





#### selected water source

City of Dickinson wastewater effluent was selected as the source for industrial water. Water will be used for:

- cooling
- boiler feed
- fire fighting (backup)
- washdown
- general, non-potable uses





#### how was the partnership created?

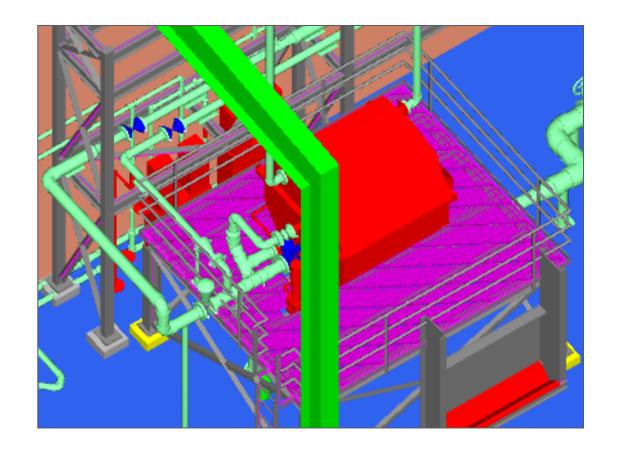
- The City of Dickinson was in the process of upgrading their wastewater treatment plant.
- DPR and Dickinson had a conversation at a regional water meeting and came to an understanding.
- DPR purchases treated wastewater from Dickinson.





#### project infrastructure

- forcemain from WWTP to the refinery, with extra capacity for future users
- treatment plant for microbial control
- treated water storage
- level of treatment based on end use and public health risks





#### lessons learned: DPR and City of Dickinson Partnership

- The partnership details took a long time to finalize.
- There were lots of changes: which organizations were involved, timelines, and project constraints.
- A good working relationship is necessary.





# case study: City of Eagan (water reuse)

"If you build it, they will use it."





#### case study: City of Eagan (water reuse)

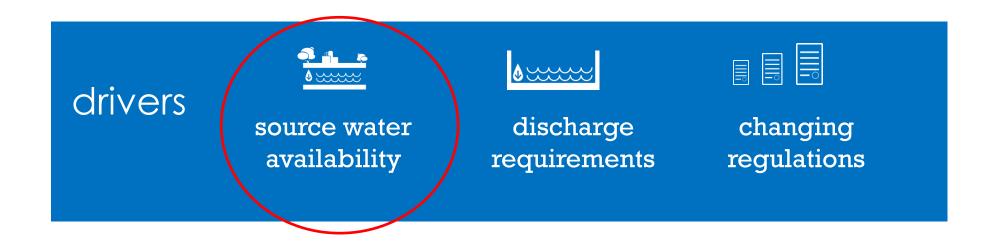
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## project drivers

long-term availability of the water:







#### project drivers

- Groundwater is the sole source for the City of Eagan potable water supply
- Average potable water use is expected to increase 10% from 2010 to 2040
- Potential for groundwater aquifer drawdown concerns by 2040
- Potential impacts to natural resources





# Eagan model projection of aquifer drawdown

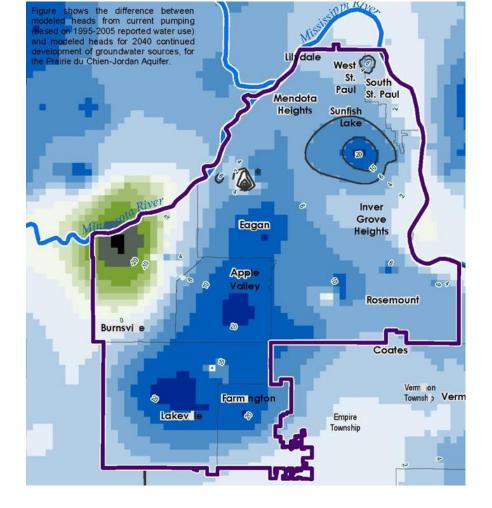
potential drawdown impacts from City of Eagan







image depicts predicted drawdown of Metro Model 3







# revised Eagan model projection of aquifer drawdown

potential drawdown impacts from City of Eagan with 15% reduction



Figure shows the difference between modeled heads from current pumping (based on 1995-2005 reported water use) and modeled heads for 2040 with 15% reduction in groundwater pumping, for the Prairie du Chien-Jordan Aquifer. West Paul Mendota Sunfish Heights Eagan Inver Grove Heights Apple Valley Burnsy Rosemount Lakevi le



image depicts predicted drawdown of Metro Model 3





# brainstorm of possible reuse system water users

- irrigation
- process water
- fire fighting
- vehicle washing
- aquifer recharge
- fen recharge





# identify the user

### Look around...

Who uses water?

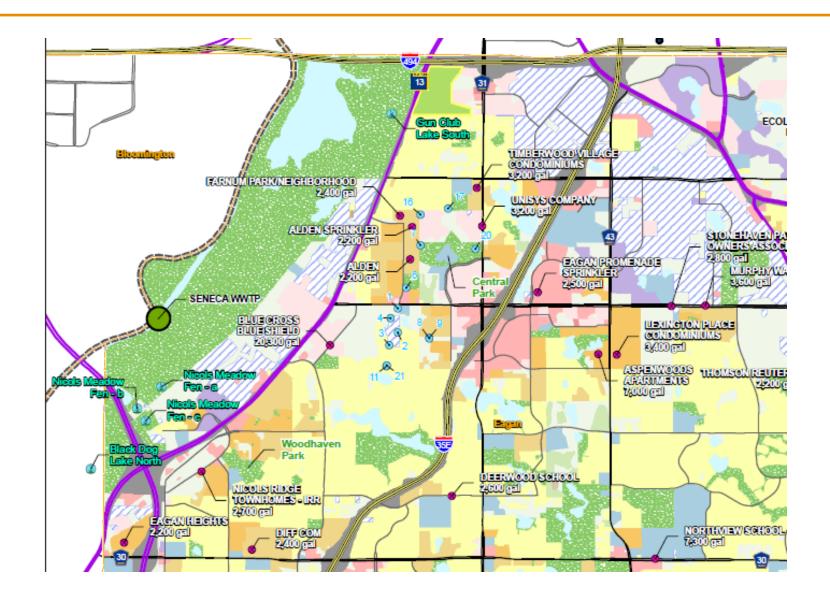


- Where is there abundant water?
- What is the quality of that water source?
- What is the water quality that is needed for the end use?





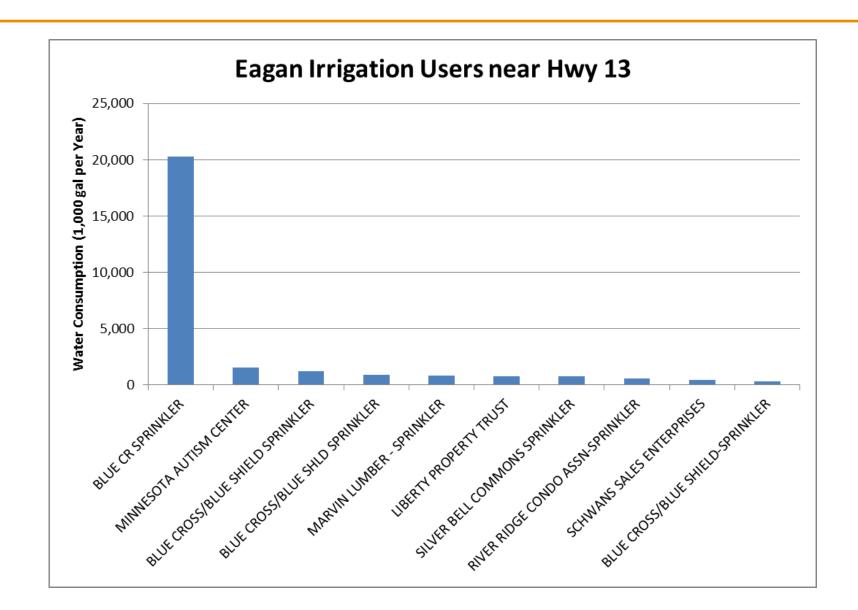
### GIS evaluation of users and source







# irrigation use of city potable water







### identify the source

### Look around...

- Who uses water?
- Where is there abundant water?



- What is the quality of that water source?
- What is the water quality that is needed for the end use?





#### identification of a source

- MCES Seneca Wastewater Treatment Facility
  - located in the City of Eagan
  - treats and discharges ~20 MGD to the Minnesota River
  - basin underdrains discharge ~1 MGD to the river







#### identification of a source

- Look around...
- Who uses water?
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# conceptual project area







### how was the partnership formed?

- The City of Eagan is looking to promote a sustainable water supply.
- The City cannot do water reuse projects alone and is looking for partners.
- conservation has reduced the peak flows but more needs to be done.
- non-potable water use for irrigation and commercial/industrial processes is a simple solution.





# partnership benefit

how would water reuse benefit both private companies and the City of Eagan?

- reduces Eagan's peak summer demand
- reduces the need to expand current infrastructure
- matches the private company corporate sustainability policy
- reduces operational cost for both parties





### current partnerships









- Eagan is the lead party working with Barr on the reuse system users and infrastructure.
- Metropolitan Council is supportive of a water reuse project, sharing feasiblity funding. CH2M is working on reuse treatment.
- University of Minnesota is an education partner using the project in the Capstone Project Program.
- Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota has expressed interest as a user.



# project partners and stakeholders

- owners:
  - City of Eagan, working with Barr
  - Metropolitan Council, working with CH2M
- users:
  - Blue Cross Blue Shield, plus others
- regulatory
  - DNR
  - MPCA
  - MDH
  - Dakota County





### current project status

# current: project feasibility study stage

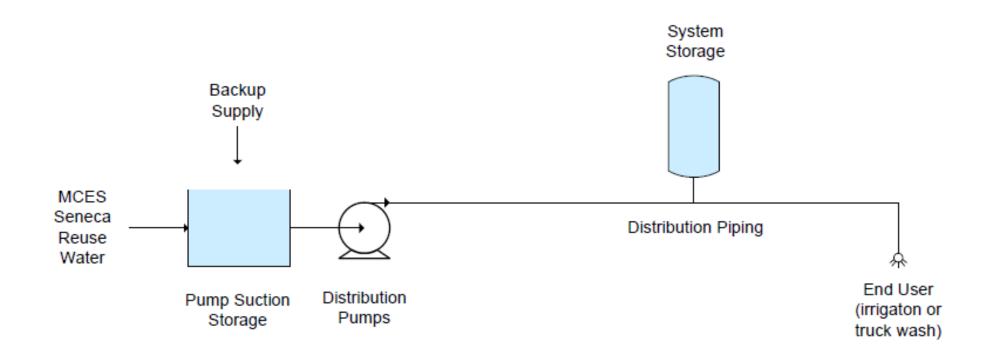
- identify users and treatment needs
- identify infrastructure needs and costs
- confirm partnerships
- regulatory and permitting issues
- identify deal breakers

future: design and bidding in 2016?



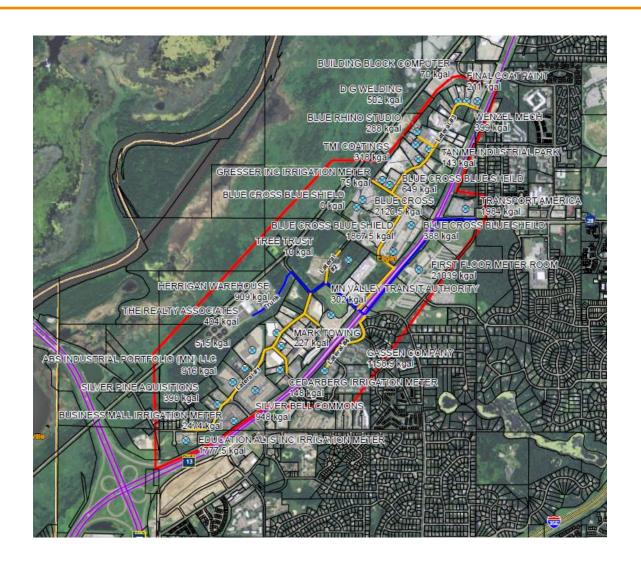


# Conceptual reuse distribution system schematic





# Conceptual reuse distribution system piping





#### in conclusion

- reuse projects are happening in Minnesota.
- partnering is essential for many reuse projects.
- reuse projects can help conserve water, achieve stormwater management, and sustain water supply goals.





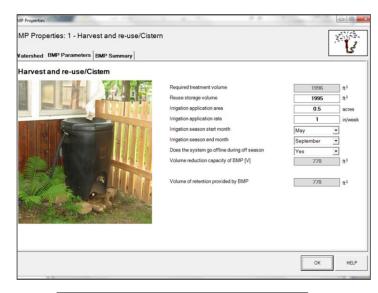






#### resources

- WateReuse Association
- MIDS calculator: harvest and reuse
- Met Council Stormwater Reuse Guide
- MPCA Municipal Wastewater Reuse
- Envision Rating System<sup>TM</sup>









# discussion and questions?

Any questions or comments?

Thank you!



